Issuer & Securities							
Issuer/ Manager	CITY DEVELOPMENTS LIMITED						
Securities	CITY DEVELOPMENTS LIMITED - SG1R89002252 - C09						
Stapled Security	No						
Announcement Details							
Announcement Title	General Announcement						
Date & Time of Broadcast	02-Nov-2016 17:59:47						
Status	New						
Announcement Sub Title	Announcement by Subsidiary Company, Millennium & Copthorne Hotels plc						
Announcement Reference	SG161102OTHRCNWU						
Submitted By (Co./ Ind. Name)	Enid Ling Peek Fong						
Designation	Company Secretary						
Description (Please provide a detailed description of the event in the box below)	Please refer to the Announcement released by Millennium & Copthorne Hotels plc on 2 November 2016 relating to Trading Update for Nine Months and Third Quarter Results ended 30 September 2016.						
Attachments	<pre> <u>I1022016_MCplc_Trading Update_Q3.pdf</u> Total size =121K </pre>						
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### MILLENNIUM & COPTHORNE HOTELS plc TRADING UPDATE Nine months and third quarter results to 30 September 2016

#### Highlights for the nine months 2016:

		Reported Currency			Constant Currency			
	9 mths 2016	9 mths 2015	Change		9 mths 2015	Change		
RevPAR	£73.94	£71.43	£2.51	3.5%	£76.37	£(2.43)	(3.2)%	
Revenue - total	£665m	£615m	£50m	8.1%	£658m	£7m	1.1%	
Revenue - hotel	£581m	£559m	£22m	3.9%	£598m	£(17)m	(2.8)%	
Profit before tax	£102m	£98m	£4m	4.1%	£105m	£(3)m	(2.9)%	

#### Highlights for the third quarter 2016:

		R	eported Curre	ency	Constant Currency			
	Q3 2016	Q3 2015	Change		Q3 2015	Ch	Change	
RevPAR	£85.78	£77.66	£8.12	10.5%	£87.23	£(1.45)	(1.7)%	
Revenue - total	£247m	£211m	£36m	17.1%	£240m	£7m	2.9%	
Revenue - hotel	£221m	£194m	£27m	13.9%	£220m	£1m	0.5%	
Profit before tax	£46m	£36m	£10m	27.8%	£42m	£4m	9.5%	

- The steep fall in the value of sterling after the 23 June 2016 referendum had a significant impact on Group's results, with exchange gains adding £43m and £7m to Group reported revenue and profit before tax respectively for the first nine months of 2016.
- Group RevPAR in reported currency was up 3.5% but in constant currency fell by 3.2% in the first nine months of 2016 compared to the same period last year.
- Total revenue in reported currency for the first nine months grew by 8.1% to £665m, due to higher land sales and REIT revenue and exchange gains; partially offset by lower hotel revenue. In constant currency, revenue grew slightly by 1.1% for the same period.
- Hotel revenue in constant currency declined by 2.8% to £581m during the first nine months of 2016. In reported currency, hotel revenue increased by 3.9% to £581m (2015: £559m).
- Third-quarter occupancy increased by 4.8% points for the Group's London hotels, reflecting higher inbound tourism.
- Profit before tax in constant currency for the third quarter of 2016 increased by 9.5% and by 27.8% in reported currency. For the first nine months of 2016, profit before tax increased by 4.1% in reported currency and decreased by 2.9% in constant currency.

#### Mr Kwek Leng Beng, Chairman commented:

"Our London hotels have seen some positive benefits from leisure travellers following the EU referendum in June 2016 although the outlook for the UK economy is uncertain. We have also seen an improving trend in the regional US and growth in the New Zealand markets; and benefitted from favourable foreign exchange movements. However, trading of our New York and Singapore hotels was disappointing and we continued to focus on improving margins. We are monitoring the performance in all our markets closely and the Group's financial position remains strong. The Group has a long term perspective and considers asset ownership as key to its strategy."

#### FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

		Repo	rted Curren	су	Constant Currency			
	9 mths 2016	9 mths 2015	C	hange	9 mths 2015	C	hange	
	£m	£m	£m	%	£m	£m	%	
Hotel	581	559	22	3.9	598	(17)	(2.8)	
Property	42	23	19	82.6	25	17	68.0	
REIT	42	33	9	27.3	35	7	20.0	
Total Revenue	665	615	50	8.1	658	7	1.1	

		Rep	orted Curre	ncy	Constant Currency			
	Q3 2016	Q3 2015	Q3 2015 Cł		Change Q3 2015		hange	
	£m	£m	£m	%	£m	£m	%	
Hotel	221	194	27	13.9	220	1	0.5	
Property	13	6	7	116.7	7	6	85.7	
REIT	13	11	2	18.2	13	-	-	
Total Revenue	247	211	36	17.1	240	7	2.9	

For the nine months ended 30 September 2016, Group revenue increased by 8.1% to £665m (2015: £615m). This was a result of higher property revenue, increased contribution from the REIT and a positive foreign exchange impact of £43m. Excluding exchange gains, Group revenue rose by 1.1% (2015: £658m).

Hotel revenue in constant currency fell by 2.8% to £581m (2015: £598m) during the first nine months of 2016, compared to the same period last year. This was due mainly to continued weak trading in New York and Singapore. London recorded a stronger revenue performance in Q3 2016, supported by RevPAR growth of 2.4%.

Property revenue in constant currency for the period increased by 68.0% to £42m (2015: £25m), mainly because of increased land sales in New Zealand primarily during the first half of this year and an increased contribution from Millennium Mitsui Garden Hotel Tokyo. Revenue from the REIT in constant currency increased by 20.0% to £42m (2015: £35m) mainly because of the contribution from its first UK hotel, Hilton Cambridge City Centre which was acquired in October 2015.

#### **Hotel Operations**

In constant currency, Group RevPAR for the first nine months of 2016 fell by 3.2% to  $\pounds73.94$  (2015:  $\pounds76.37$ ) due to decreases in both occupancy and average room rate of 0.5% points and 2.4% respectively. In the third quarter of 2016 Group RevPAR decreased by 1.7% in constant currency, with occupancy up by 1.1% points and average room rate down by 3.1%.

		RevPAR			Occupancy		Ave	rage Room	Average Room Rate			
9 mths 2016	YTDQ3	#YTDQ3		YTDQ3	YTDQ3		YTDQ3	#YTDQ3				
	2016	2015	Change	2016	2015	Change	2016	2015	Change			
	£	£	%	%	%	%pts	£	£	%			
New York	130.32	152.94	(14.8)	74.8	82.3	(7.5)	174.14	185.80	(6.3)			
Regional US	58.80	56.32	4.4	61.1	61.2	(0.1)	96.23	91.98	4.6			
Total US	82.35	88.15	(6.6)	65.6	68.2	(2.6)	125.49	129.30	(2.9)			
London	105.29	107.68	(2.2)	81.1	80.6	0.5	129.78	133.66	(2.9)			
Rest of Europe	52.67	53.42	(1.4)	72.8	74.3	(1.5)	72.32	71.94	0.5			
Total Europe	79.32	81.45	(2.6)	77.0	77.5	(0.5)	102.96	105.08	(2.0)			
Singapore	79.60	88.03	(9.6)	84.8	87.5	(2.7)	93.83	100.58	(6.7)			
Rest of Asia	57.88	55.69	3.9	64.1	62.1	2.0	90.26	89.61	0.7			
Total Asia	66.29	68.22	(2.8)	72.1	72.0	0.1	91.88	94.78	(3.1)			
Australasia	51.92	44.70	16.2	79.4	74.9	4.5	65.37	59.68	9.5			
Total Group	73.94	76.37	(3.2)	71.7	72.2	(0.5)	103.18	105.75	(2.4)			

		RevPAR			Occupancy		Ave	rage Room	Rate
Q3 2016	Q3 2016	#Q3 2015	Change	Q3 2016	Q3 2015	Change	Q3 2016	#Q3 2015	Change
	£	£	%	%	%	%pts	£	£	%
New York	158.04	182.10	(13.2)	82.1	89.1	(7.0)	192.54	204.27	(5.7)
Regional US	73.10	67.79	7.8	68.5	67.0	1.5	106.79	101.23	5.5
Total US	101.06	105.45	(4.2)	72.9	74.3	(1.4)	138.56	141.98	(2.4)
London	132.48	129.37	2.4	92.0	87.2	4.8	144.01	148.35	(2.9)
Rest of Europe	57.13	59.65	(4.2)	76.9	79.9	(3.0)	74.30	74.66	(0.5)
Total Europe	95.29	95.40	(0.1)	84.5	83.6	0.9	112.72	114.06	(1.2)
Singapore	87.51	95.55	(8.4)	90.1	89.9	0.2	97.13	106.34	(8.7)
Rest of Asia	60.07	56.97	5.4	64.8	60.7	4.1	92.63	93.89	(1.3)
Total Asia	70.70	71.91	(1.7)	74.6	72.0	2.6	94.74	99.91	(5.2)
Australasia	52.43	44.02	19.1	74.1	67.7	6.4	70.79	64.99	8.9
Total Group	85.78	87.23	(1.7)	76.4	75.3	1.1	112.29	115.89	(3.1)

# In constant currency whereby 30 September 2015 RevPAR and average room rates have been translated at average exchange rates for the period ended 30 September 2016.

### <u>US</u>

US RevPAR for the first nine months of 2016 was down by 6.6% £82.35 (2015: £88.15) with decreases in both occupancy and average room rate. In the third quarter of 2016, US RevPAR decreased by 4.2%.

In New York, RevPAR fell by 14.8% as a result of a 7.5% points fall in occupancy and 6.3% fall in average room rate. Excluding ONE UN New York whose east tower was closed for refurbishment from November last year to early September 2016, RevPAR for US and New York fell by 2.0% and 7.8% respectively.

RevPAR for Regional US increased by 4.4% to £58.80 (2015: £56.32) for the first nine months of 2016. For the third quarter of 2016, RevPAR increased by 7.8% to £73.10 (2015: £67.79) largely due to positive returns from newly refurbished hotels.

#### <u>Europe</u>

Europe RevPAR for the first nine months of 2016 dropped by 2.6% to £79.32 (2015: £81.45). In the third quarter Europe RevPAR was marginally lower compared to the same period, reflecting improvement in the London in-bound market, following the sharp fall in sterling against other currencies after the EU referendum on 23 June.

London RevPAR fell by 2.2% for the first nine months of 2016, compared to the same period last year, with a 0.5% point rise in occupancy and 2.9% fall in average room rate. In the third quarter of 2016, London RevPAR grew by 2.4% mainly due to an increase in occupancy of 4.8% points.

RevPAR for the Rest of Europe decreased by 1.4% during the first nine months of 2016 mainly due to lower occupancy.

#### <u>Asia</u>

Asia RevPAR for the first nine months of 2016 fell by 2.8% to £66.29 (2015: £68.22) driven mainly by lower average room rate. Singapore RevPAR fell by 9.6% with decreases in both occupancy and average room rate.

Rest of Asia RevPAR grew by 3.9% in the nine months of 2016, driven by an increase in both occupancy and average room rate. For the third quarter of 2016, RevPAR increased by 5.4% to £60.07 (2015: 56.97) mainly due to improved performance in Millennium Seoul Hilton following completion of refurbishment of guest rooms.

#### <u>Australasia</u>

Australasia RevPAR grew by 16.2% in the first nine months of 2016 with average room rate increasing by 9.5% to £65.37 (2015: £59.68) and occupancy up by 4.5% points reflecting positive results from the management of sales channels and market segments. For the third quarter of 2016 RevPAR increased by 19.1% to £52.43 (2015: £44.02) with the continued growth in the number of in-bound tourists into New Zealand.

#### Development

The building permit application for Seoul Yangdong development project has been lodged and approval is anticipated to be received by the end of this year for the construction work to commence in early 2017. The main contract tender process is expected to be completed by the end of this year and subject to the outcome of the building permit application a recommendation will be made for the award of the main contract.

The Sunnyvale project in California is progressing with continuous effort to improve the design, space planning as well as costing. The proposed development comprises a 263-room hotel and a 250-unit residential apartment block on the 35,717m<sup>2</sup> mixed-use freehold landsite.

#### **Hotel Refurbishments**

The refurbishment programme for Millennium Hotel London Mayfair is planned to commence around the end of this year. To minimise the impact on London occupancy, there will be a gap of at least 12 months before Millennium Hotel London Knightsbridge undertakes smaller scale refurbishment work.

The refurbishment of guest rooms in the east tower of ONE UN New York was completed in early September 2016 and the tower was re-opened in time for the UN General Assembly.

Work on the main lobby and food and beverage outlets at the main entrance level of the Grand Copthorne Waterfront Hotel in Singapore, which started in December 2015, was substantially completed in May 2016 and the outlets opened for business in June 2016. The remaining works left under the current contract mainly relate to the refurbishment of some function rooms at level two, which started in September and is scheduled for completion by end November 2016.

Soft refurbishment of the guestrooms at Grand Millennium Kuala Lumpur, from level 9 to level 19, has been completed, with the remaining level 7 and level 8 being planned for next year.

Soft refurbishment of the guestrooms at M Hotel Singapore, from level 12 to level 28, has been substantially completed, except for one floor at level 25 which is scheduled for completion by end 2016.

Copthorne Hotel Auckland Harbour City in New Zealand closed for a major NZ\$40m (£22m) refurbishment programme in Q3 2015. The construction stage has progressed with seismic strengthening completed, all windows for the 190 guest rooms installed, façade plastering and painting completed and scaffolding taken down to ground level. The installation of major services, fitting of internal partitions, bathroom tiling is progressing well. The hotel will be rebranded under the Group's M Social brand and is expected to re-open in the middle of next year.

The Group assumed the lease of Rendezvous Grand Hotel Auckland with effect from 7 September 2016. The hotel, the largest in New Zealand with a total of 452 guestrooms, is owned by the REIT and is the Group's first Grand Millennium hotel in New Zealand.

#### **Asset Disposals**

The Group has in place a number of contractual arrangements with the developer of Birmingham's Paradise Circus redevelopment scheme pursuant to which the developer has a right to acquire the existing site of the Copthorne Hotel Birmingham in accordance with an agreed process and the Group has an option to sell the existing site to the developer and, as applicable, an option to acquire an alternative site in the redevelopment area for the construction of a new hotel. The Group continues to review its options and discussions with the developer are on-going.

With regard to the Millennium Hotel Glasgow, it was previously reported that in September 2015 the Group received notice of an application from Network Rail Infrastructure Limited ("Network Rail") for an order to temporarily close and possess the Millennium Hotel Glasgow, and permanently take a portion of the hotel, in connection with the redevelopment of the Queen Street Station in Glasgow. The Group objected to various components of the application and a public inquiry was held in May and June 2016. A final decision on the proposed order is awaited from the Scottish Ministers. Pending that, the Group continues to pursue commercial discussions with Network Rail and will assess options once the decision has been issued.

#### **Other Group Operations**

Joint ventures and associates contributed £9m to profit in the first nine months of 2016 (2015: £9m). The Group has an effective interest of 36% in First Sponsor Group Limited, which is listed on the Singapore Exchange and reports its results independently.

#### **Board Changes**

The Board has agreed to the request of Director and Group Chief Executive Officer, Aloysius Lee to retire from the Group in Q1 2017. His successor will be announced in due course.

Daniel Desbaillets joined the Board as an Independent Non-Executive Director on 14 September 2016. He has been in the hospitality industry since 1973 holding senior positions with InterContinental Hotel Group, Hilton and Shangri-La. He previously served on the boards of CDL Hospitality Trusts as an Independent Non-Executive Director.

#### **Financial Position**

At 30 September 2016, the Group had net debt of £720m (Dec 2015: net debt £605m). Excluding the REIT, the net debt was £230m (Dec 2015: net debt £201m).

The Group has a total of £541m of undrawn committed bank facilities at 30 September 2016 (Dec 2015: £406m). Excluding the REIT, the total undrawn committed bank facilities was £321m (Dec 2015: £280m). Most of the facilities are unsecured, with unencumbered assets representing 92.1% of fixed assets and investment properties.

#### **Current Trading**

On a constant currency basis, Group RevPAR fell by 8.6% for the three weeks ended 21 October 2016, with London down by 15.0%, New York down by 14.2% and Singapore down by 14.0%; partially offset by RevPAR growth in Australasia of 17.3%. However on a reported currency basis taking into account exchange gains, Group RevPAR for the same period was down by 2.3%, with London down by 15.0%, New York down by 5.2%, Singapore down by 6.1% and Australasia up by 25.3%.

This trading update contains certain statements that are or may be forward-looking with respect to the financial condition, results or operations and business of Millennium & Copthorne Hotels plc. By their nature forward-looking statements involve risk and uncertainty because they relate to events and depend on circumstances that will occur in the future. There are a number of factors that could cause actual results and developments to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Undue reliance should not be placed on forward-looking statements which speak only as of the date of this document. The Group accepts no obligation to publicly revise or update these forward-looking statements or adjust them to future events or developments, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except to the extent legally required.

# Condensed consolidated income statement (unaudited) for the nine months ended 30 September 2016

	Third Quarter 2016 £m	Third Quarter 2015 £m	Nine Months 2016 £m	Nine Months 2015 £m	Full Year 2015 £m
Revenue	247	211	665	615	847
Cost of sales	(101)	(85)	(283)	(257)	(350)
Gross profit	146	126	382	358	497
Administrative expenses	(99)	(88)	(274)	(256)	(342)
Other operating income	-	-	2	-	`41́
Other operating expense	-	-	(4)	-	(84)
Operating profit	47	38	106	102	112
Share of profit of joint ventures and					
associates	4	3	9	9	17
Finance income	6	2	10	5	5
Finance expense	(11)	(7)	(23)	(18)	(25)
Net finance expense	(5)	(5)	(13)	(13)	(20)
Profit before tax	46	36	102	98	109
Income tax expense	(7)	(7)	(15)	(17)	(12)
Profit for the period	39	29	87	81	97
Attributable to:					
Equity holders of the parent	29	24	59	60	65
Non-controlling interests	10	5	28	21	32
¥	39	29	87	81	97

The financial results above were derived from continuing activities.

# Condensed consolidated statement of financial position (unaudited) as at 30 September 2016

	As at	As at	As at
	30 Sept	30 Sept	31 Dec
	2016	2015	2015
	£m	£m	£m
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3,217	2,707	2.764
Lease premium prepayment	107	93	94
Investment properties	556	457	506
Investment in joint ventures and associates	293	246	255
	4,173	3,503	3,619
Current assets	,	,	,
Inventories	4	4	4
Development properties	92	72	81
Lease premium prepayment	2	2	2
Trade and other receivables	94	158	76
Cash and cash equivalents	308	211	238
	500	447	401
Total assets	4,673	3,950	4,020
Non-current liabilities			
Interest-bearing loans, bonds and borrowings	(964)	(529)	(665)
Employee benefits	(13)	(15)	(13)
Provisions	(9)	(7)	(8)
Other non-current liabilities	(14)	(12)	(12)
Deferred tax liabilities	(238)	(219)	(210)
	(1,238)	(782)	(908)
Current liabilities			
Interest-bearing loans, bonds and borrowings	(64)	(303)	(178)
Trade and other payables	(218)	(203)	(187)
Provisions	(2)	(3)	(2)
Income taxes payable	(29)	(27)	(33)
	(313)	(536)	(400)
Total liabilities	(1,551)	(1,318)	(1,308)
Net assets	3,122	2,632	2,712
Equity			
Equity	97	07	97
Issued share capital	97 843	97	-
Share premium	843 490	843	843
Translation reserve Treasury share reserve		144	196
•	(4)	(4)	(4)
Retained earnings Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent	<u>1,184</u> 2,610	1,143 2,223	1,144 2,276
Non-controlling interests	-	,	,
Total equity	<u> </u>		<u>436</u> 2,712
i olai equily	3,122	2,032	2,712

## **Operating Segment Information**

				9	months 2016	5			
	New York £m	Regional US £m	London £m	Rest of Europe £m	Singapore £m	Rest of Asia £m	Australasia £m	Central Costs £m	Total Group £m
Revenue	2111	2.111	2111	2111	2	2.111	2,111	2111	2,111
Hotel	92	103	88	56	92	115	35	-	581
Property operations	-	3	-	-	2	7	30	-	42
REIT	-	-	-	8	10	14	10	-	42
Total revenue	92	106	88	64	104	136	75	-	665
Hotel gross operating profit	11	23	45	13	38	38	15	-	183
Hotel fixed charges <sup>1</sup>	(22)	(17)	(16)	(7)	(3)	(25)	(3)	-	(93)
Hotel operating profit/(loss)	(11)	6	29	6	35	13	12	-	90
Property operating profit/(loss)	-	(1)	-	-	1	6	17	-	23
REIT operating profit/(loss)	-	-	-	2	(4)	5	9	-	12
Central costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(17)	(17)
Other operating income	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Other operating expense	-	-	-	-	(4)	-	-	-	(4)
Operating profit/(loss)	(11)	5	29	8	28	24	40	(17)	106
Share of joint ventures and associates profit	-	-	-	3	-	6	-	-	9
Add: Depreciation and amortisation	6	8	5	4	9	16	1	1	50
Add: Revaluation deficit	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	4
EBITDA <sup>2</sup> Less: Depreciation, amortisation &	(5)	13	34	15	41	46	41	(16)	169
revaluation deficit									(54)
Net finance expense									(13)
Profit before tax									102

				9	months 2015				
	New York	Regional US	London	Rest of Europe	Singapore	Rest of Asia	Australasia	Central Costs	Total Group
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Revenue									
Hotel	100	90	91	53	90	106	29	-	559
Property operations	-	2	-	-	2	4	15	-	23
REIT	-	-	-	-	9	15	9	-	33
Total revenue	100	92	91	53	101	125	53	-	615
Hotel gross operating profit	22	20	46	14	40	32	12	-	186
Hotel fixed charges <sup>1</sup>	(20)	(14)	(15)	(7)	(2)	(25)	(3)	-	(86)
Hotel operating profit	2	6	31	7	38	7	9	-	100
Property operating profit/(loss)	-	(1)	-	-	1	3	7	-	10
REIT operating profit/(loss)	-	-	-	(1)	(3)	5	9	-	10
Central costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(18)	(18)
Operating profit/(loss)	2	5	31	6	36	15	25	(18)	102
Share of joint ventures and associates profit	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	9
Add: Depreciation and amortisation	6	6	5	2	8	17	1	1	46
EBITDA <sup>2</sup>	8	11	36	8	44	41	26	(17)	157
Less: Depreciation and amortisation	-			-					(46)
Net finance expense									(13)
Profit before tax									98

<sup>1</sup> Hotel fixed charges include depreciation, amortisation of lease premium prepayments, property rent, taxes and insurance, operating lease rentals and management fees.

 $^{\rm 2}$  EBITDA is earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation.

# APPENDIX 1: KEY OPERATING STATISTICS for the nine months ended 30 September 2016

	Nine Months	Nine Months	Nine Months	Full Year
Owned or leased hotels*	2016 Reported	2015 Constant	2015 Reported	2015 Reported
Owned of leased noters	currency	currency	currency	currency
Occupancy (%)	currency	currency	currency	currency
New York	74.8		82.3	82.1
Regional US	61.1		61.2	58.2
Total US	65.6		68.2	66.1
London	81.1		80.6	80.2
Rest of Europe	72.8		74.3	72.7
Total Europe	77.0		77.5	76.5
Singapore	84.8		87.5	87.1
Rest of Asia	64.1		62.1	64.5
Total Asia	72.1		72.0	73.2
Australasia	79.4		74.9	77.1
Total Group	71.7		72.2	71.8
Average Room Rate (£)				
New York	174.14	185.80	168.17	173.99
Regional US	96.23	91.98	83.25	84.00
Total US	125.49	129.30	117.03	120.84
London	129.78	133.66	133.66	135.51
Rest of Europe	72.32	71.94	69.84	70.96
Total Europe	102.96	105.08	104.10	105.72
Singapore	93.83	100.58	92.09	91.67
Rest of Asia	90.26	89.61	84.33	84.31
Total Asia	91.88	94.78	87.99	87.70
Australasia	65.37	59.68	55.99	56.18
Total Group	103.18	105.75	98.91	100.19
RevPAR (£)				
New York	130.32	152.94	138.43	142.92
Regional US	58.80	56.32	50.98	48.92
Total US	82.35	88.15	79.79	79.89
London	105.29	107.68	107.68	108.68
Rest of Europe	52.67	53.42	51.86	51.56
Total Europe	79.32	81.45	80.70	80.92
Singapore	79.60	88.03 55.69	80.61	79.85
Rest of Asia Total Asia	<u> </u>	68.22	<u>52.41</u> 63.33	54.35 64.23
Australasia	51.92	44.70	41.94	43.33
Total Group	73.94	76.37	71.43	71.98
•				<u> </u>
Gross Operating Profit Margin (%)				
New York	11.9		21.8	23.9
Regional US	22.6		22.9	21.2
Total US	17.5		22.3	22.7
London Rest of Europe	50.5 22.9		50.5 26.5	50.8 26.7
Total Europe			41.7	41.7
Singapore			41.7	41.7
Rest of Asia	41.0 32.8		44.2 30.2	44.3 33.1
Total Asia	36.5		36.6	38.1
Australasia	43.1		40.9	42.5
Total Group	31.3		33.3	34.1
	31.3		00.0	J4. I

For comparability, the 30 September 2015 Average Room Rate and RevPAR have been translated at average exchange rates for the period ended 30 September 2016.

## **APPENDIX 2: KEY OPERATING STATISTICS**

for the quarter year ended 30 September 2016

	Third Quarter	Third Quarter	Third Quarter
	2016	2015	2015
Owned or leased hotels*	Reported	Constant	Reported
	currency	currency	currency
Occupancy (%)			
New York	82.1		89.1
Regional US	68.5		67.0
Total US	72.9		74.3
London	92.0		87.2
Rest of Europe	76.9		79.9
Total Europe	84.5		83.6
Singapore	90.1		89.9
Rest of Asia	64.8		60.7
Total Asia	74.6		72.0
Australasia	74.1		67.7
Total Group	76.4		75.3
Average Room Rate (£)			
New York	192.54	204.27	177.61
Regional US	106.79	101.23	88.08
Total US	138.56	141.98	123.49
London	144.01	148.35	148.35
Rest of Europe	74.30	74.66	71.24
Total Europe	112.72	114.06	112.46
Singapore	97.13	106.34	89.80
Rest of Asia	92.63	93.89	79.98
Total Asia	94.74	99.91	84.73
Australasia	70.79	64.99	49.23
Total Group	112.29	115.89	103.17
RevPAR (£)			
New York	158.04	182.10	158.33
Regional US	73.10	67.79	58.98
Total US	101.06	105.45	91.71
London	132.48	129.37	129.37
Rest of Europe	57.13	59.65	56.91
Total Europe	95.29	95.40	94.06
Singapore	87.51	95.55	80.69
Rest of Asia	60.07	56.97	48.53
Total Asia	70.70	71.91	60.98
Australasia	52.43	44.02	33.34
Total Group	85.78	87.23	77.66
Gross Operating Profit Margin (%)			
New York	18.9		27.8
Regional US	30.0		29.4
Total US	24.7		28.6
London	55.4		53.5
Rest of Europe	26.5		27.7
Total Europe	44.9		44.5
Singapore	41.7		44.3
Rest of Asia	31.3		28.0
Total Asia	36.1		35.8
Australasia	38.5		36.5
Total Group	34.4		35.6
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For comparability, the 30 September 2015 Average Room Rate and RevPAR have been translated at average exchange rates for the period ended 30 September 2016.

# APPENDIX 3: HOTEL ROOM COUNT AND PIPELINE as at 30 September 2016

		Hotels			Rooms		
Hotel and room count	30 Sept	31 Dec	Change	30 Sept	31 Dec	Change	
	2016	2015		2016	2015		
Analysed by region:							
New York	4	4	-	2,238	2,238	-	
Regional US	15	15	-	4,467	4,463	4	
London	8	8	-	2,651	2,651	-	
Rest of Europe	18	18	-	2,867	2,867	-	
Middle East	26	22	4	7,345	6,450	895	
Singapore	7	6	1	3,011	2,716	295	
Rest of Asia	26	26	-	9,427	9,430	(3)	
Australasia	25	27	(2)	3,641	3,903	(262)	
Total	129	126	3	35,647	34,718	929	
Analysed by ownership type:	22	05	4	10,110	10.004	(50	
Owned or leased	66	65	4	19,442	18,984	458	
Managed	41	37	4	11,250	10,212	1,038	
Franchised	7	8	(1)	1,091	1,206	(115)	
Investment	15	16	(1)	3,864	4,316	(452)	
Total	129	126	3	35,647	34,718	929	
Analysed by brand:							
Grand Millennium	9	8	1	3,732	3,277	455	
Millennium	49	48	1	15,869	15,657	212	
Copthorne	35	34	1	6,945	6,804	141	
Kingsgate	7	9	(2)	671	933	(262)	
Other M&C	11	9	2	2,941	2,431	510	
Third Party	18	18	-	5,489	5,616	(127)	
Total	129	126	3	35,647	34,718	929	

		Hotels			Rooms		
Pipeline	30 Sept 2016	31 Dec 2015	Change	30 Sept 2016	31 Dec 2015	Change	
Analysed by region:							
Middle East	17	16	1	5,734	4,663	1,071	
Asia	3	3	-	1,389	1,674	(285)	
Regional US	1	1	-	263	263	(/	
Total	21	20	1	7,386	6,600	786	
Analysed by ownership type:							
Managed	19	18	1	6,581	5,830	751	
Owned	2	2	-	805	770	35	
Total	21	20	1	7,386	6,600	786	
Analysed by brand:							
Grand Millennium	2	2	-	847	887	(40)	
Millennium	11	10	1	3,537	3,140	397	
Copthorne	2	2	-	666	307	359	
Other M&C	4	4	-	1,777	1,707	70	
Kingsgate	2	2	-	559	559	-	
Total	21	20	1	7,386	6,600	786	

The Group's worldwide pipeline comprises 21 hotels offering 7,386 rooms, which are mainly management contracts.