

Miscellaneous

* Asterisks denote mandatory information

Name of Announcer *	CITY DEVELOPMENTS LIMITED
Company Registration No.	196300316Z
Announcement submitted on behalf of	CITY DEVELOPMENTS LIMITED
Announcement is submitted with respect to *	CITY DEVELOPMENTS LIMITED
Announcement is submitted by *	Enid Ling Peek Fong
Designation *	Company Secretary
Date & Time of Broadcast	13-Aug-2009 07:17:26
Announcement No.	00018

>> Announcement Details

The details of the announcement start here ...

Announcement Title *

Description

Attachments

 [Presentation_slides_130809.pdf](#)
Total size = **1512K**
(2048K size limit recommended)

[Close Window](#)



CITY DEVELOPMENTS LIMITED

HALF YEAR FINANCIAL REPORT

1 Jan – 30 Jun 2009

13 August 2009

ANALYST / MEDIA BRIEFING



** Artist's Impression of Volari at Balmoral*

AGENDA

1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS
2. SINGAPORE PROPERTY MARKET
3. OPERATIONS REVIEW
4. MARKET OUTLOOK



** Artist's Impression of The Arte*





SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

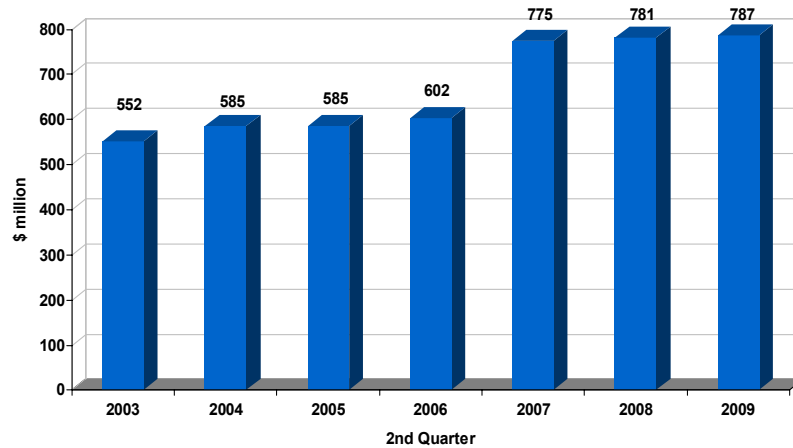
	Q1 2009	Q2 2009	Q2 2008	% Change for Q2	1H 2009	1H 2008	% Change for 1H
Revenue (\$m)	623	787	781	0.8	1,410	1,540	(8.4)
Profit Before Tax (\$m)	119	198	249	(20.5)	317	481	(34.1)
PATMI (\$m)	83	140	165	(15.3)	223	330	(32.4)
Basic Earnings Per Share (cents)	9.1	14.7	17.5	(16.0)	23.8	35.6	(33.1)
NAV Per Share (\$)	6.11				6.18	5.77	7.1
Cash Flows From Operating Activities (\$m)					367	181	102.8

The group has adopted FRS 40 cost model whereby its investment properties continue to be stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses with effect from 1 Jan 2007.



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Revenue for the Quarter Ended 30 June

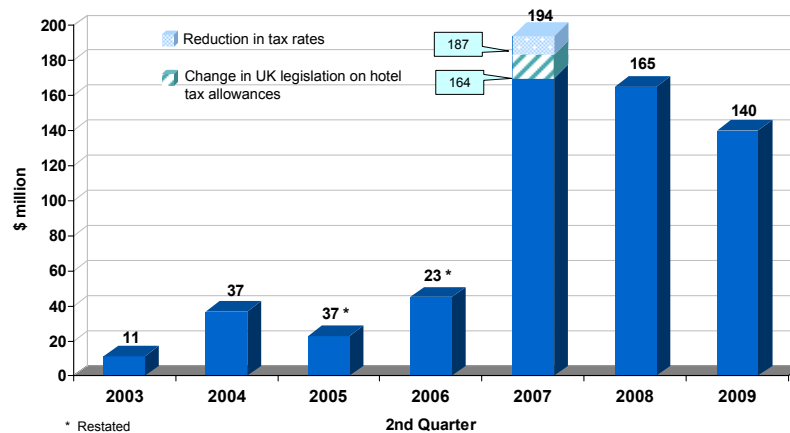


Note : The above financial information is extracted from half-yearly announcements.



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

PATMI for the Quarter Ended 30 June



* Restated

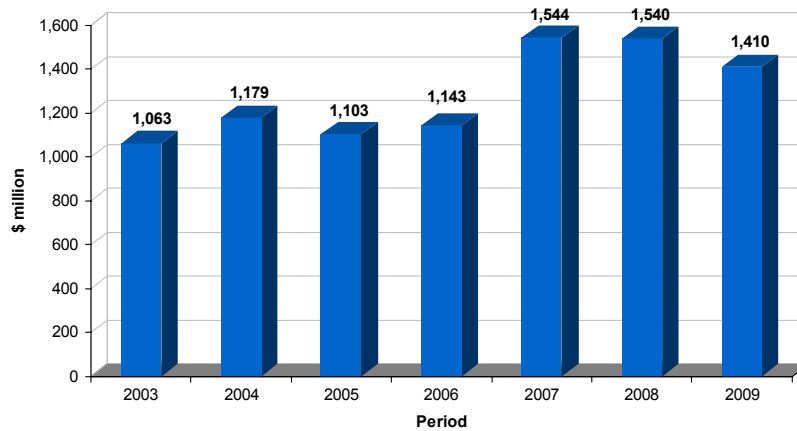
Note : The above financial information is extracted from half-yearly announcements.

The group has adopted FRS 40 cost model whereby its investment properties continue to be stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses with effect from 1 Jan 2007.



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Revenue for the Period Ended 30 June

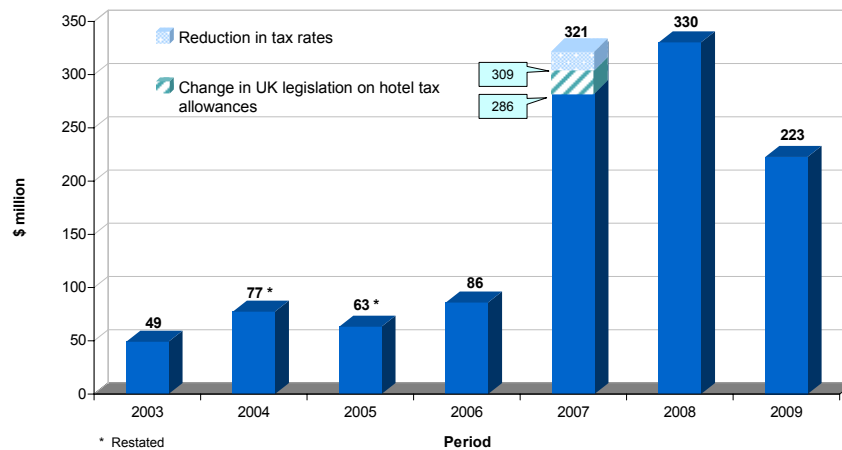


Note : The above financial information is extracted from half-yearly announcements.



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

PATMI for the Period Ended 30 June



* Restated

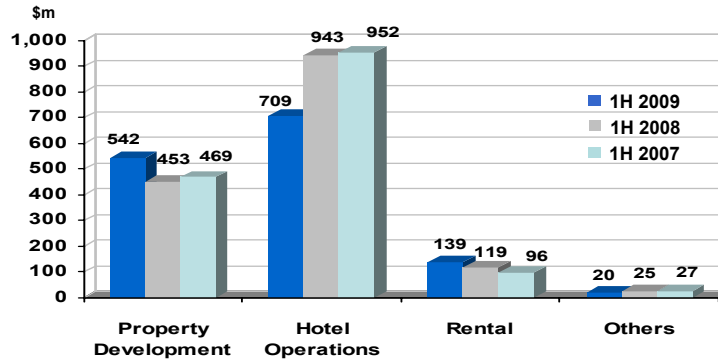
Note : The above financial information is extracted from half-yearly announcements.

The group has adopted FRS 40 cost model whereby its investment properties continue to be stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses with effect from 1 Jan 2007.



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Revenue by Segment – 1H 2009 vs 1H 2008 & 1H 2007

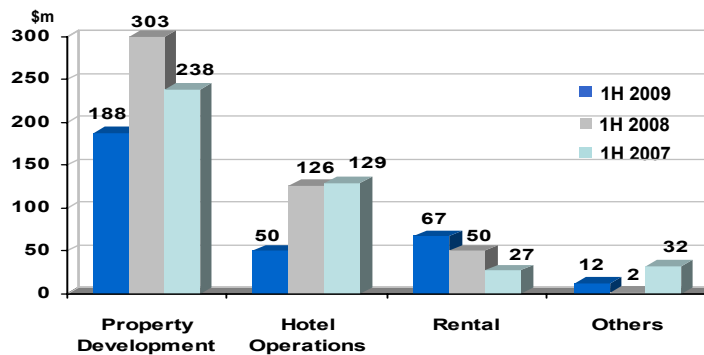


	1H 2009	1H 2008	1H 2007
Property Development	38%	29%	30%
Hotel Operations	50%	61%	62%
Rental	10%	8%	6%
Others	2%	2%	2%



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Profit Before Tax by Segment – 1H 2009 vs 1H 2008 & 1H 2007



	1H 2009	1H 2008	1H 2007
Property Development	59%	63%	56%
Hotel Operations	16%	26%	30%
Rental	21%	10%	6%
Others	4%	1%	8%



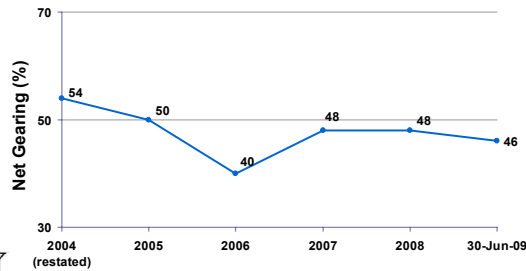
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Net Borrowings

<u>CDL Group Total</u>	As at 30/06/09	As at 31/12/08	As at 30/06/08
Net Borrowings	\$3,350m	\$3,378m	\$3,560m
Interest Cover Ratio	10.1 x *	11.0 x	11.7 x

* The decrease in interest cover ratio is mainly due to lower profit achieved for 1H 2009.

CDL's Net Gearing (%) (2004 – 1H 2009)



Note:

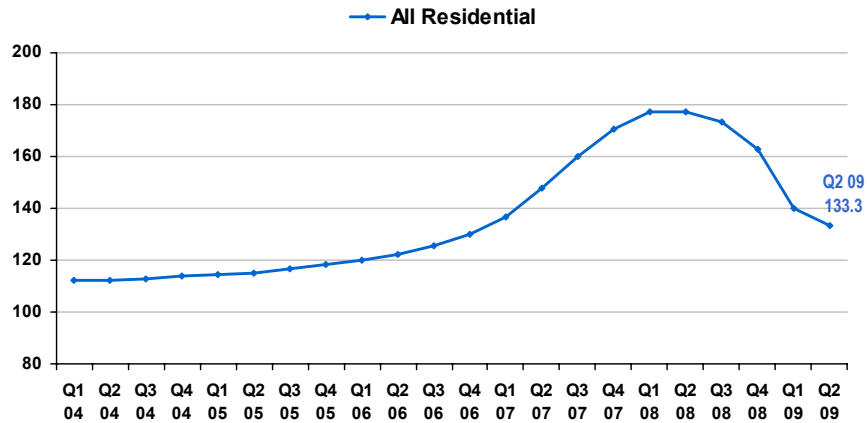
The net gearing ratio does not take into consideration the fair value gains on investment properties.

The gearing ratio will be lower if these fair value gains are taken into account.



SINGAPORE PROPERTY MARKET

Property Price Index – Residential (2004 – 1H 2009)



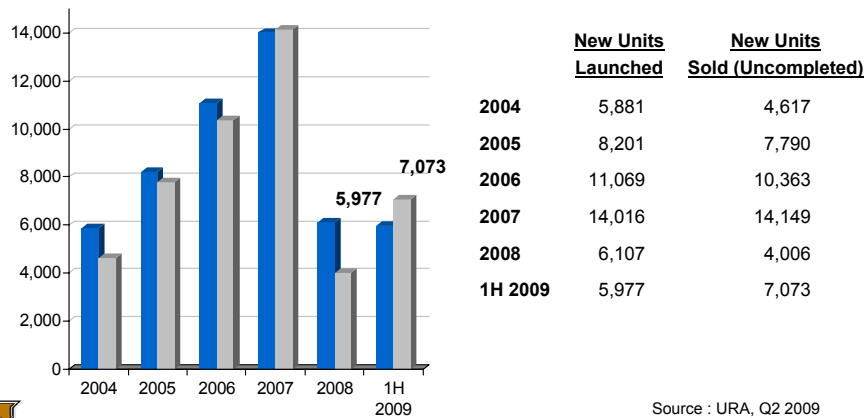
Source : URA, Q2 2009



SINGAPORE PROPERTY MARKET

No. of New Private Residential Units Launched vs Units Sold (Projects Under Construction) (2004 – 1H 2009)

■ New Units Launched ■ New Units Sold (Projects Under Construction)

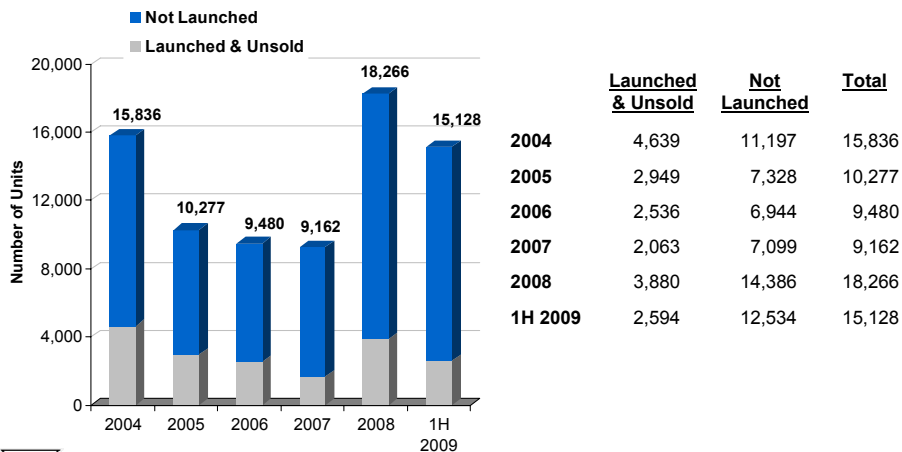


Source : URA, Q2 2009



SINGAPORE PROPERTY MARKET

**No. of Uncompleted Private Residential Units Available
(2004 – 1H 2009)**

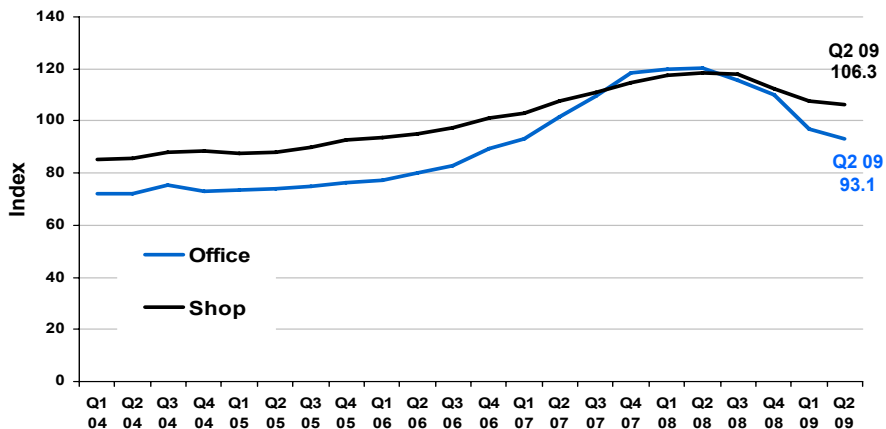


Source : URA, Q2 2009



SINGAPORE PROPERTY MARKET

Property Price Index – Commercial (2004 – 1H 2009)

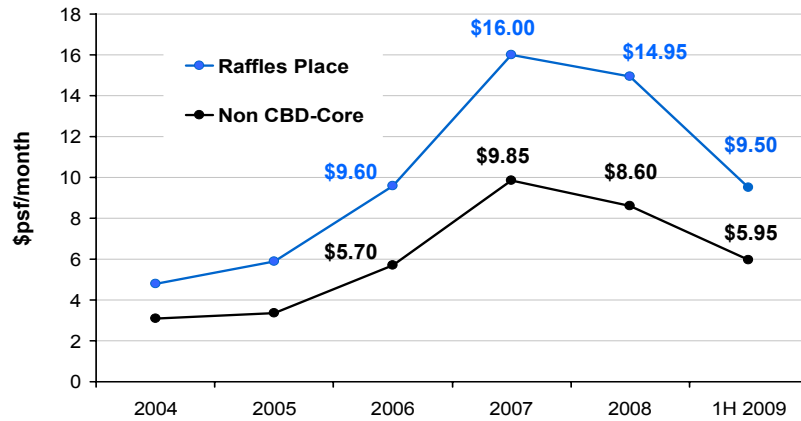


Source : URA, Q2 2009



SINGAPORE PROPERTY MARKET

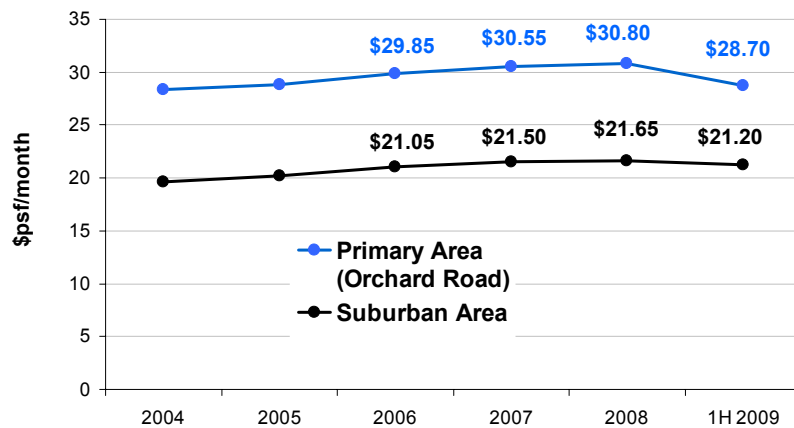
Average Office Rental in CBD (2004 – 1H 2009)



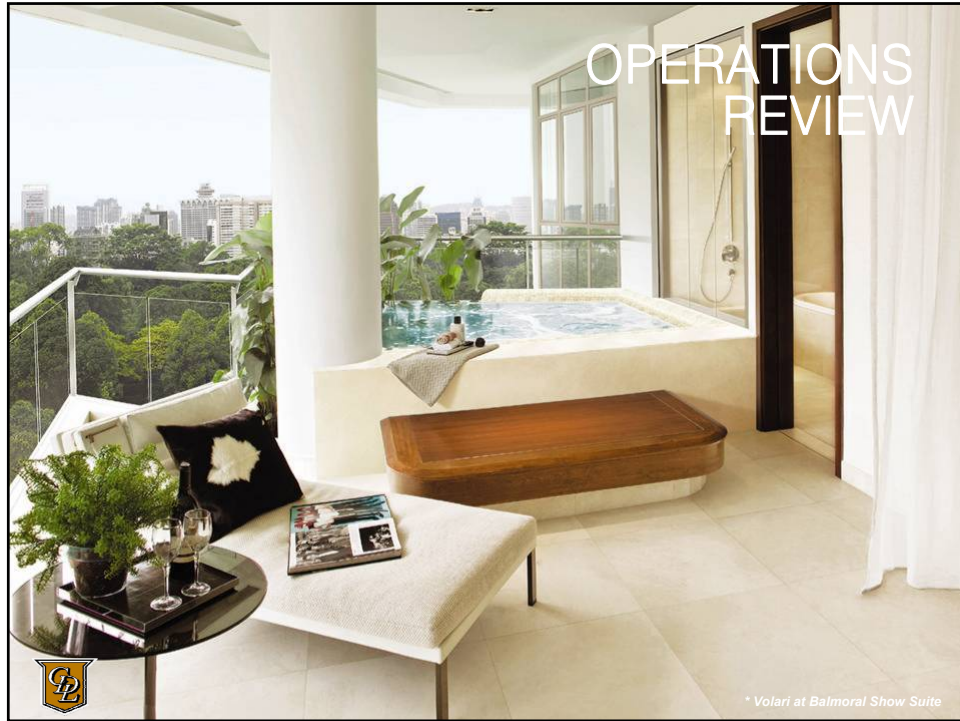
Source : JLL Research, Q2 2009

SINGAPORE PROPERTY MARKET

Average Prime Level Retail Rental (2004 – 1H 2009)



Source : JLL Research, Q2 2009



OPERATIONS REVIEW

Planned Residential Project Launches for 2H 2009 (subject to market conditions)

Projects	Units	Expected Launch Date
Former Hong Leong Garden site (Est. total 396)	200	Q3 2009
The Quayside Isle @ Sentosa Cove (Total 228)	100	Q4 2009
Former Albany site (Est. total 162)	100	Q4 2009

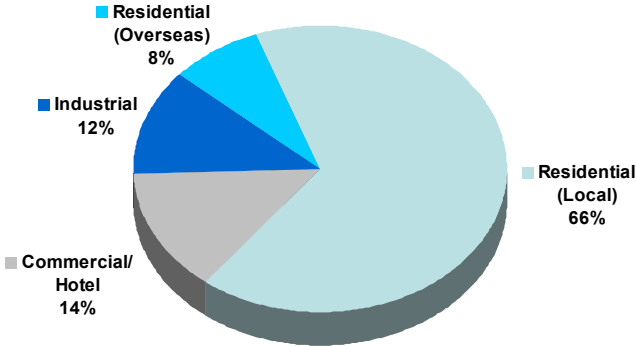
Total **400**



OPERATIONS REVIEW

Land Bank by Sector (as at 30 Jun 2009)

Type of Development	Land Area (sq ft)	%
Residential (Local & Overseas)	2,874,595	74
Commercial / Hotel	529,476	14
Industrial	462,818	12
TOTAL	3,866,889	100

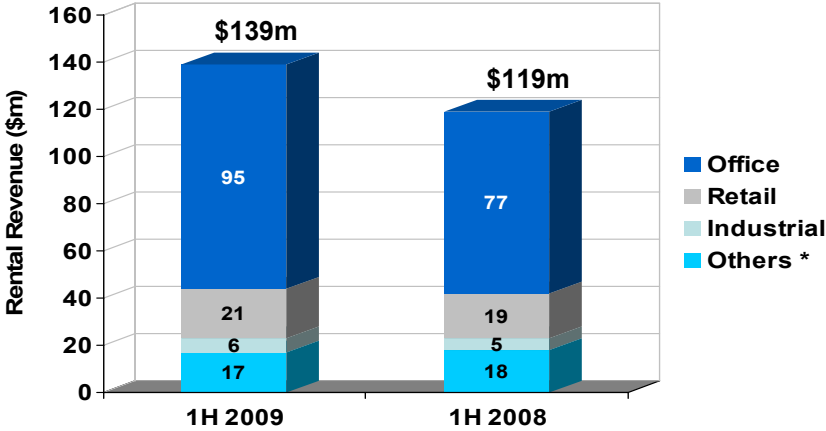


Proposed GFA – 7.5 million sq ft



OPERATIONS REVIEW

Rental Revenue by Sector

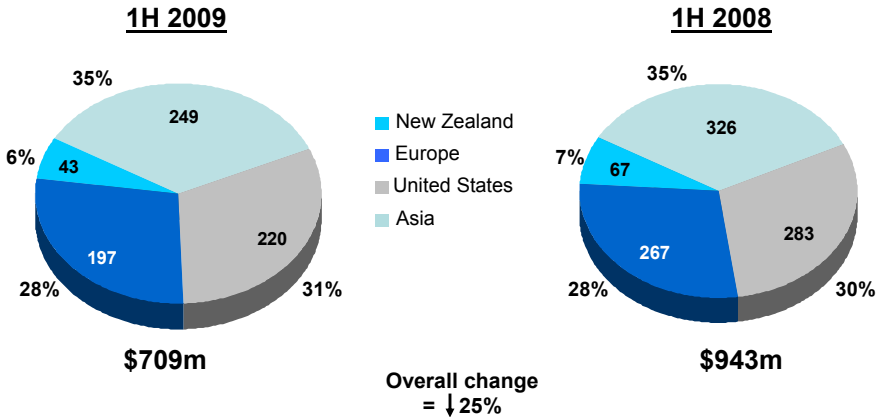


* Including car park, serviced apartment and residential



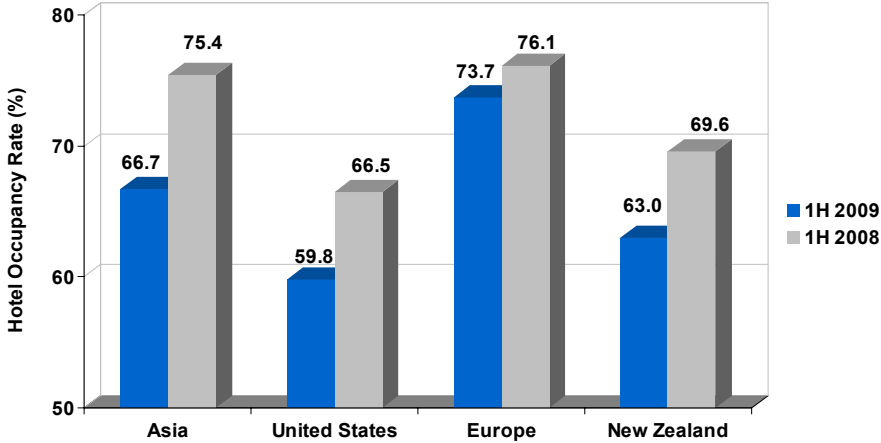
OPERATIONS REVIEW

Hotel Revenue by Region



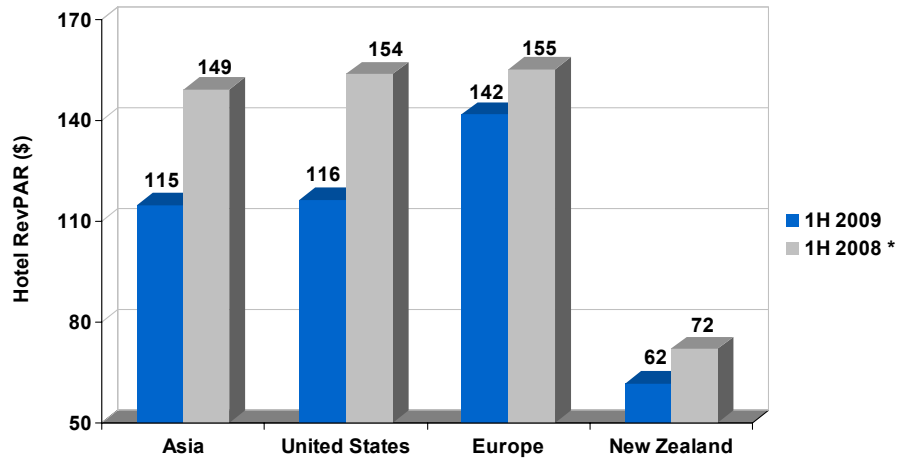
OPERATIONS REVIEW

Hotel Occupancy by Region



OPERATIONS REVIEW

Hotel Revenue Per Available Room at Constant Currency



* For comparability, 1H 2008 RevPAR has been translated at constant exchange rates (30 June 2009).



MARKET OUTLOOK

Singapore Economic Outlook

- Singapore's GDP grew by 20.7% in Q2, reflecting a significant improvement from the 12.2% contraction in Q1
- Year-on-year, GDP contracted by 3.5% in Q2 2009 compared to 9.5% contraction in Q1 2009
- GDP growth for 2009 is maintained at -6.0% to -4.0%
- The Singapore Government remains cautious in its outlook for the rest of the year
- The general belief that the global economy has stabilised or bottomed out earlier than expected has led to an upward trend in major stock market indices since their March 2009 lows – e.g. the Straits Times Index (STI) was about 28% higher than the 31 Dec 2008 level as at end-June 2009



MARKET OUTLOOK

Property Market – Residential

- Residential property prices fell by 4.7% in Q2 2009 compared to 14.1% in Q1 2009
- Primary sales exceeding 1,000 units per month resulted for 5 consecutive months since February 2009
- The buying momentum from the mass market from Q1 2009 spilled over into the mid-tier and to some extent, the higher end segments
- Private homes sales by developers rose 79% quarter-on-quarter to 4,654 units in Q2 2009
- For 1H 2009, sales in the primary market totalled 7,250 units, surpassing the 4,264 units sold in the whole of 2008



MARKET OUTLOOK

Property Market – Office

- The office sector recorded its third consecutive quarter of negative take-up
- Islandwide, occupancy for office space is 89.2% in Q2 2009 (Q1 2009: 90%)
- Overall rental for office space decreased by a more moderate pace of 7.7% in Q2 2009 compared with the decrease of 10.7% in Q1 2009
- The total potential supply of office space in the pipeline decreased by 3.6% to about 1.24 million sqm of GFA as at end June 2009
- Occupancy for the rest of the year is expected to be relatively stable in view of the limited supply of new office space



Disclaimer:

This document may contain forward-looking statements that involve assumptions, risks and uncertainties. Actual future performance, outcomes and results may differ materially from those expressed in forward-looking statements as a result of a number of risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Representative examples of these factors include (without limitation) general industry and economic conditions, interest rate trends, cost of capital and capital availability, availability of real estate properties, competition from other developments or companies, shifts in customer demands, customers and partners, expected levels of occupancy rate, property rental income, charge out collections, changes in operating expenses (including employee wages, benefits and training costs), governmental and public policy changes and the continued availability of financing in the amounts and the terms necessary to support future business. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which are based on the current view of management on future events.



